



### **Training programme RETHINK**

The development of an individual support program focus on the target group of young people and the environment around them, as well as the interaction of these two factors.

The individual support program is based on the learning pillars of UNESCO, as well as the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities:

- 1) Learn to be (the right to personal development)
- 2) Learn to live together (the right to be included in society)
- 3) Learn to do (realize yourself in action)
- 4) Learning to know (lifelong learning)

At least one of the above described areas will be included for each person in the programme depending on the situation of the individual more could be included or all. Beneficiaries may have different needs and therefore the duration of support will vary, for example, there will be beneficiaries who will need support throughout and after the pilot project in order to exercise their capacity, but there will also be beneficiaries who needs support to address specific issues.

Learning pilars	Description	Examples within this program
1. Learning to be	to develop personality, autonomy, creativity, personal responsibility	individual mentoring sessions







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	<ul> <li>other basic skills, as appropriate, such as Finance (including budget planning and property management issues): weekly or monthly budget planning (depending on the intensity of support required by the person supported); providing support in making decisions on necessary purchases; principles to be taken into account when choosing the required purchase or product (especially for larger purchases as well as taking on credit), etc.</li> <li>If it is necessary to support access to the field of health care (up to the doctor's office): Providing support in making the necessary medical decisions in the choice and access to services; Providing support in decision making by the supported person communicating with health professionals, such as participation (only with eligible consent of the person and the doctor) during the doctor's consultation in order to explain the information provided by the doctor, participation (only with the supported person and the consent of the service provider) during the provision of the service in order to</li> </ul>
	participation (only with the supported person and the consent







Learning	to	live
together		

To learn to cooperate with other people, to understand the processes of society, to receive support for participation

- sports (including folk sports) lessons
- art / creative activity classes
- outdoor life activities
- speaking in front of a group
- involvement in a drama group, improvisation theater
- motivation groups
- support groups
- day center classes
- practical long term activities to develop and strengthen habits (early morning wake - up, ability to co - operate, etc.)
- volunteering, for example in an animal shelter or elsewhere
- involvement in a drama group, improvisation theater
- attending various public events and places (cultural events, sports games, nature objects, etc.)
- joint hikes in nature
- decision support by helping to develop communication skills that include:

support in communication with family

members;

mastering secure communication with the public;

- basics of conflict
  - resolution and acquisition

of skills;







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2. Learning to do	Work ethic, employment skills	• providing support in finding     new friends and acquaintances,     support persons  Awareness of one's interests, skills and competence     • visits to masters of various trades     • temporary work, part-time work in agriculture or other sectors     • Use of unemployed programs     • Work in specialized workshops, if any     • Work in social enterprises, if any     • Participation in master classes or demonstrations, exhibitions, fairs, if they take place nearby as a spectator     • Compiling your portfolio / CV     • Assistance in arranging documents in contact with the employer or other institutions, supporting independent
		decision-making
3. Learning to know	To acquire both expanded and narrowly specific knowledge that is useful for self-realization in the work environment	<ul> <li>Training programs designed especially for people with disabilities or regular, short or long term trainings for unemployed</li> <li>E-learning</li> <li>Movies watching and analysis</li> <li>Books, journals, internet resources - analyses</li> </ul>

The goal with the project is to feel more included in one or more areas:

- education/work
- Health
- Relationships
- Economy
- Hobbies/activities
- Sense of self





In the following sections the different stages in the training programme and who is responsible for what will be described. The time frames are not fixed during each phase in the programme. Phases could also in some cases melt together depending on the individual situation and person.

#### Bonding (1-2 months)

The case manager is responsible for establishing contact with the beneficiary and to do the following during this phase. In Latvia the mentor will be involved already in the bonding phase due to the structure they have with starting up with a camp where the mentors will be invited. This is a difference between Sweden and Latvia.

- Introduce the programme, content, duration, roles and expectations both from the case manager and from the beneficiary
- Fill in the mapping form together and talk about the situation of the beneficiary, see appendix 1 Mapping
- Establish contact (this might need a couple of times). Do something active together, go for a walk, follow to a meeting. Set up contact rules where one important one is: what is needed if the beneficiary do not reply on any contact? What should the case manager or mentor do then?
- Locate possible networking persons/places and ask for permission to contact important persons if needed.

#### Establish goals (2-3 months)

The case manager is responsible for talking about and putting up goals during this phase. Both the case manager and the mentor is responsible to support the beneficiary and contribute to solutions if needed.

- Set up goals by fill in the individual plan, see Appendix 2, Individual plan.
- Regular contact with the beneficiary 1-2 times a week, physical meeting, skype meeting, sms contact or phone calls.
- The case manager needs to do an assessment based on the contact with the beneficiary whether the beneficiary is ready for a mentor or not. If the beneficiary is not ready for a mentor. Outline what is needed to get the beneficiary ready and work with that or are there other options (internship, voluntary work or likewise)?
- If the beneficiary is ready for a mentor invent what kind of mentor would be suitable for this beneficiary. Do a matching (case manager responsible with support from training coordinator)
- Meet the mentor and the beneficiary and introduce them to each other





- Clarify roles what is the mentor's responsibility and what is the case manager's responsibility? Expectations from beneficiary, mentor and case manager.
- Look at the individual plan and the goals that have been set up to clear out what goal to start with
- Fill in the mentorship agreement for both the participant and the mentor, see Appendix 3, mentorship agreement
- Make sure they book a new time to meet up before they depart.

#### Work and support toward established goals (3-4) months

This phase is a more active one where the content depends on the individual plan and which goal that the beneficiary thinks it is most important to start with. During this phase a working alliance should be established between the mentor and the beneficiary where the case manager is supposed to support this process in any way that is needed adjusted to the need of each case. An option to having a mentor is to have some kind of internship, prepare for a work place

 The case manager keep regular contact with beneficiary and mentor/workplace in a way that is agreed

#### Follow-up the work done and outline the next steps (4-5months)

The case manager meet the beneficiary individually and/or together with the mentor to follow up the following:

- Where are we now?
- What has happened so far?
- What is possible and not possible?
- What have worked well and what did not work?
- Are any goals achieved? Partly achieved?
- Next steps

#### Work and support toward established goals (Month 5)

Continue the work with agreed steps

Start preparing the exit of the project

#### Exit the programme (Month 5-6)

• Final meeting with the beneficiary where the case manager follow-up the mapping form again and do a new evaluation of the situation. The case manager follow up the individual plan and outline what is achieved and what is left together. The mentor is also involved in giving feedback on the work





done during the project. What could the beneficiary work on by oneself and what help is needed and from who? Outline possible exit ways.

- Final meeting with the mentor and decide if the contact will go on after the project or how the mentor and beneficiary would like to have contact.
- Fill in the evaluation form, see Appendix 4, Evaluation for participants and Appendix 5, evaluation for mentors.









# Mapping

Contact information
Name:
Phone:
Email:
Background
Year of birth:
Gender:
Competencies
Level of education/how many years in school:
Work experience:
Hobbies:
Hidden talent:
Current situation

Describe your current situation, possible themes: social situation, current studies/employment, spare-time activities,





Fysical health		
0	10	ü
Why do you not scale lower/higher?		
What is needed to scale higher?		
Comments:		
Physical health (how do you feel inside)		
0	10	ü
Why do you not scale lower/higher?		
What is needed to scale higher?		
Comments:		
Education		
<u> </u>	10	··

Why do you not scale lower/higher?

What is needed to scale higher?





#### Comments:

<b>Employment:</b>
<u>:</u> 010
Why do you not scale lower/higher?
What is needed to scale higher?
Comments:
Social network/friends:
<u></u>
Why do you not scale lower/higher?
What is needed to scale higher?
Comments:
Spare time:
<u></u>
Why do you not scale lower/higher?
What is needed to scale higher?





#### Comments:

I feel that I can influence the path of my life				
<u> </u>				
Why do you not scale lower/higher				
What is needed to scale higher				
Comments:				
My expectations of my participation in the programme				
What is most important to start with?				





# Appendix 2

Individual plan	
Name:	_ Case manager:
Overall goal	
<b>Milestones:</b> Can be divided into themes for exam	aple education, spare time etc.
Tasks/homework	
Participant:	
Case manager:	
Planned interventions/activites:	
Dates for meeting during the progra	amme:
Agreement	
I will come to agreed appointments	
I will communicate cancellations and	d important changes
I will take responsibility for agreed t	rasks
Participant	Case Manager





## Mentorship agreement RETHINK project

I am informed that I need to fulfil my appointment in order to have the right to the agreed emolument. The appointment includes:

- During the project I will meet my mentee at least 16 times
- I am responsible for come on time to the agreed appointments I
- I am responsible for informing about changed plans, which means that we need to cancel our appointment.
- I am responsible to offer new times to meet and invite to different joint activities.
- I am responsible to take contact with the case manager if I need support of any kind in fulfilling my appointment or if I cannot fulfil my appointment.

Mentor	Case manager











# EU INTERREG Central Baltic Programme project RETHINK

# Training feedback form for mentors

Thank you for your participation in the activities of the project!

Your evaluation will help us to assess and improve the project activities.

You	r name (option	al):	
Man	Women	Age:	
Where di project?:_		e information about being a mentor in the RETHINK	

Mentoring organisation	Poor	Average	Good	Very Good	Excellent	Comments (optional)
	1	2	3	4	5	







The information about the RETHINK training programme			
Pre-mentoring communication			
The mentor introduction education			
Content of the mentoring			
The work as a mentor			
The contact with the case manager during the project			
The offered activities for both mentors and migrants			

Objectives and Learning	Strongly disagree	Disagree	% Neutral	Agree 4	Strongly Agree	Comments (optional)
Mentoring met my objectives for participating						
As a result of the mentoring I gained new knowledge and skills						
I would recommend being a mentor to others						





Comments and suggestions for improvements of mentoring
What other kinds of training and support do you think is needed for young people with mental
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Thank you for providing a feedback!





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Thank you for your participation in the activities of the project!

Your evaluation will help us to assess and improve the project activities.

Your	name (optional	:
Man	Women	Age:
Where did project?:	you found the	information about being a mentor in the RETHINK

Mentoring organisation	1 Poor	D Average	poog °3	P Very Good	c <sub>1</sub> Excellent	Comments (optional)
The information about the RETHINK training programme						
Pre-mentoring communication						
The mentor introduction education						







Content of the mentoring			
The work as a mentor			
The contact with the case manager during the project			
The offered activities for both mentors and migrants			

Objectives and Learning	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neutral 8	Agree	Strongly Agree	Comments (optional)
Mentoring met my objectives for participating						
As a result of the mentoring I gained new knowledge and skills						
I would recommend being a mentor to others						

Comments and suggestions for improvements of mentoring					





What other kind of training and support do you think is needed for young people with mental health problems?

Thank you for providing a feedback!